Raising Major Gifts of Assets During a Pandemic

New strategies for a new world



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Major gifts of assets

Why? Why focus on major gifts of assets?

How? How can we raise these gifts now (simple version and complex version)



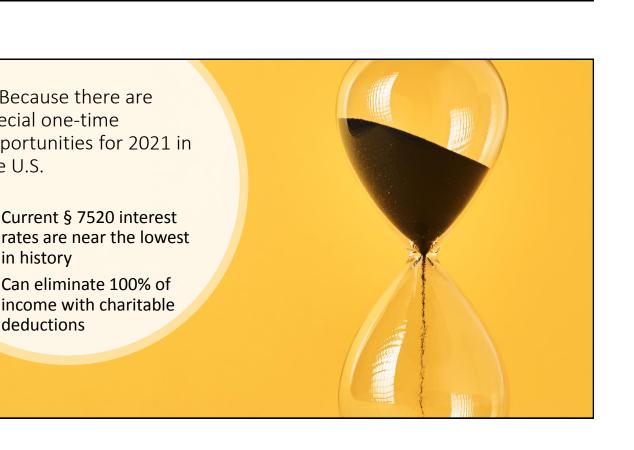


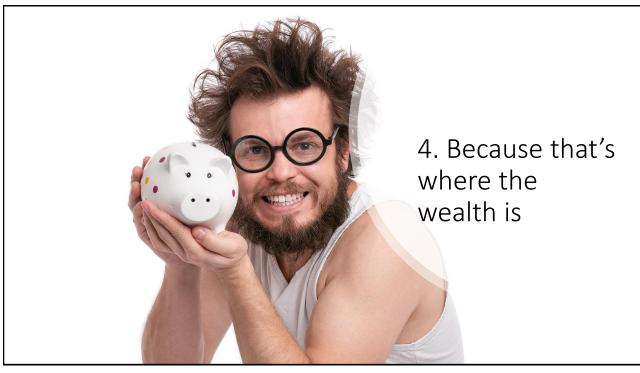
2. Because not Market Summary > Amazon.com, Inc. + Follow NASDAQ: AMZN everything dropped 3,110.28 USD -27.11 (0.86%) + Closed: Nov 12, 5:26 PM EST · Disclaimer After hours 3,111.36 +1.08 (0.035%) • Gold 1st quarter 1 day 5 days 1 month 6 months YTD 1 year 5 years Max growth: 12.68% **NCREIF Farmland** property index 1st 1,753.11 USD Nov 13, 2019 3.500 quarter growth +3.98% 3,000 WalMart, Amazon, 2,500 Pharmaceuticals, Clorox are also big 2,000 winners so far 1,500-2020

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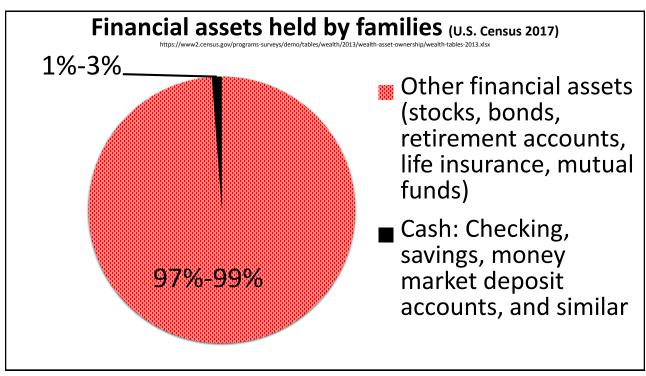
3. Because there are special one-time opportunities for 2021 in the U.S.

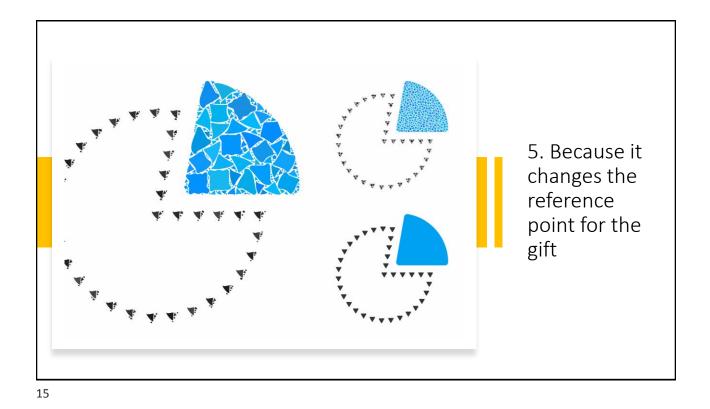
- Current § 7520 interest rates are near the lowest in history
- Can eliminate 100% of income with charitable deductions

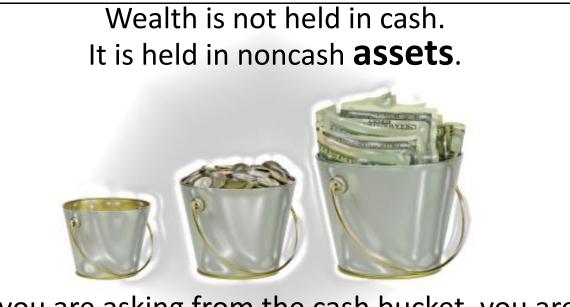










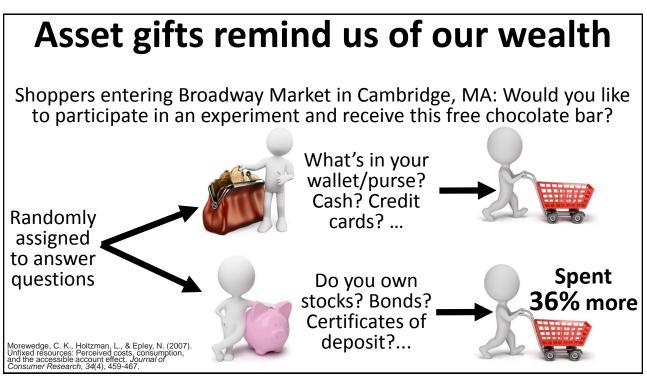


If you are asking from the cash bucket, you are asking from the **small** bucket.

Asset gifts feel relatively smaller

"For a wealthy donor, asking for the same gift from assets (where it constitutes a tiny share) rather than from income (where it constitutes a much larger share) may reduce the relative perception of financial loss."

James III, R. (2017). Natural philanthropy: a new evolutionary framework explaining diverse experimental results and informing fundraising practice. *Palgrave Communications*, *3*, 17050, p. 4.



People who <u>feel</u> wealthy <u>act</u> charitably

The strongest predictor of donation amount was subjective feelings about one's wealth, not it's objective

adequacy. Wiepking, P., & Breeze, B. (2012). Feeling poor, acting stingy: The effect of money perceptions on charitable giving. International Journal of Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Marketing, 17(1), 13-24.

Relative comparisons change this feeling. Making college students feel richer by having them report their savings on a scale ranging from \$0 to \$500 rather than \$0 to \$50,000 increased subsequent donations.

Herzenstein, M., & Small, D. (2012). Donating in recessionary times: Resource scarcity, social distance, and charitable giving. ACR North American Advances





Mental accounting

People attach labels to financial assets and then treat them differently



Thaler, R. H. (1999). Mental accounting matters. *Journal* of Behavioral Decision Making, 12(3), 183.

Labeling assets as donation relevant

When a donor makes a gift of a noncash asset, the donation experience can re-categorize that asset class as appropriate for future charitable consideration

Labeling assets as donation relevant

Expanding the total number of budget categories for which a particular charitable donation was arguably relevant increased donations

LaBarge, M. C., & Stinson, J. L. (2014). The role of mental budgeting in philanthropic decision-making. *Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly*, 43(6), 993-1013.







Irregular unearned gains – like appreciated assets – generate more giving

People are more likely to spend irregular unearned gains (vs. regular earned income) on luxury goods in general (O'Curry, 1999) and charitable donations in particular (Reinstein & Reiner, 2012; Konow, 2010).

Framing a donation as an <u>exceptional</u> event removes it from comparison with regular disposable income budget items and increases giving (Sussman, Sharma, & Alter, 2015)

Konow, J. (2010). Mixed feelings: Theories of and evidence on giving. Journal of Public Economics, 94(3-4), 279-297, O'Curry, S. (1999). Consumer budgeting and mental accounting. In PE. Earl & S. Kernp (Eds.). The Elger companion to consumer research and economic psychology. Northhampton, MA: Cheltenham, Reinstein, D. & Riener, G. (2012) Decomposing desert and tangibility effects in a charitable giving experiment. Experimental Economics, 15(1): 229-240., Sussman, A. B., Sharma, E., & Alter, A. L. (2015). Framing charitable donations as

Cash is anti-social Gifts of objects are pro-social

Reminders of cash promote independence and exchange motives, reducing willingness to help and to make donations



Vohs, K. D., Mead, N. L., & Goode, M. R. (2008). Merely activating the concept of money changes personal and interpersonal behavior. *Current Directions i Psychological Science*, 17(3), 208-212.
Savani, K., Mead, N. L., Stillman, T., & Vohs, K. D. (2016). No match for money: Even in intimate relationships and collectivistic cultures, reminders of money weaken sciencement sciences. Sci *Red Identity*, 15(3), 342-355.



Cash is anti-social Gifts of objects are pro-social

In contrast, gifts of objects are common in social relationships and emphasize communal norms rather than selfinterested exchange relationships and exchange norms

Mauss, M. (1923). Essai sur le don forme et raison de l'échange dans les sociétés archaïques. L'Année sociologique, 1, 30-186. [The Gift: Forms and Functions of Exchange in Archaic Societies]; Cheal, D. (1987). Showing them you love them: gift giving and the dialectic of intimacy. *Sociological Review*, 35(1), 150-69.





Fundraiser technical sophistication

- Organizations promoting and receiving non-cash gifts, especially complex gifts, are more likely to develop technically-skilled fundraisers
- This greater level of financial knowledge changes the relationship from "asking" to "advising" and this leads to long-term fundraising growth
- bit.ly/TexasTechProfessor



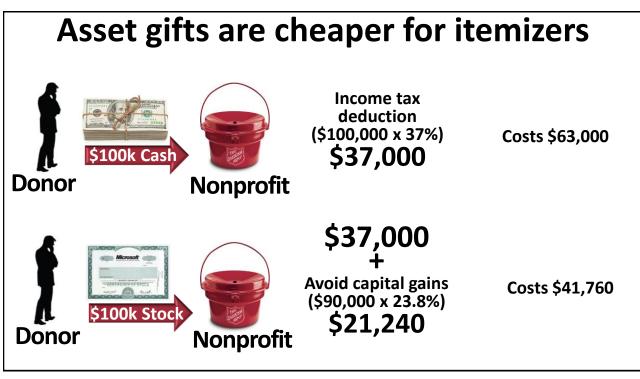
Reflect <u>real</u> "donor-centeredness"

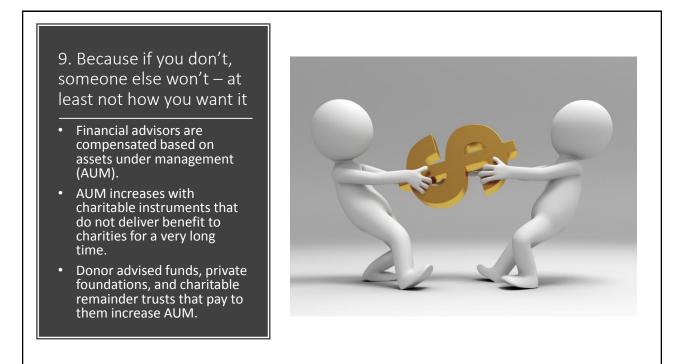
- Nonprofits promoting non-cash gifts are willing to increase their hassle (cash is easier for the charity) to benefit the donor (gifts of appreciated assets are cheaper for the donor)
- Action, not just talk

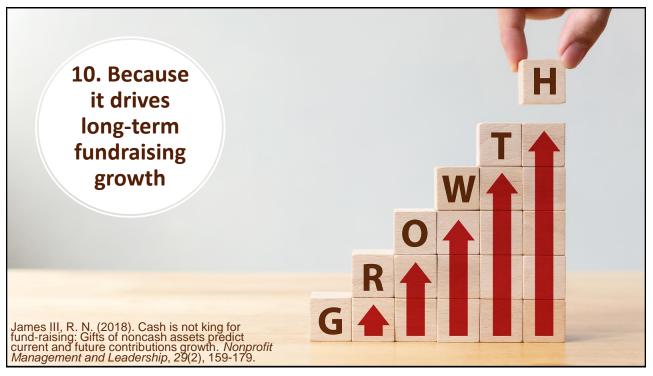


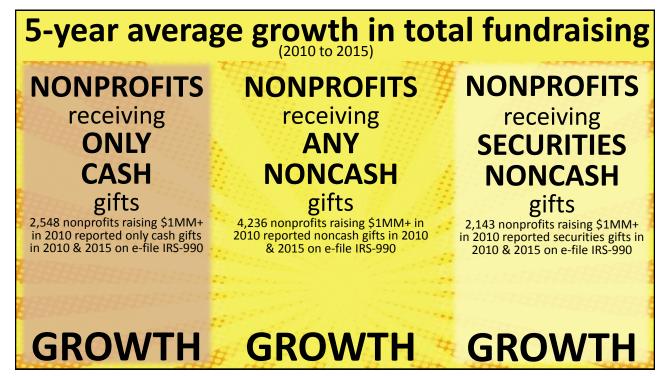










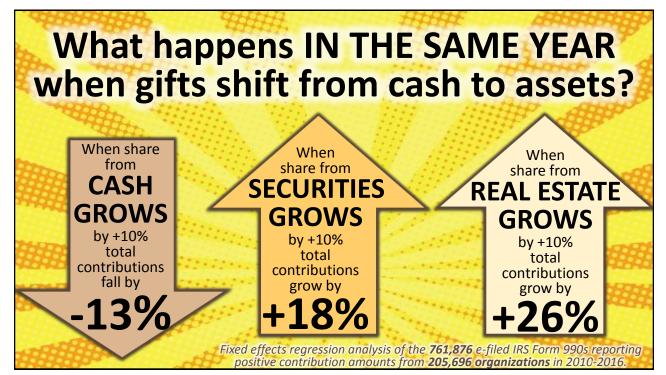


5-year average growth in total fundraising **NONPROFITS** NONPROFITS NONPROFITS receiving receiving receiving ONLY ANY SECURITIES CASH NONCASH NONCASH gifts gifts gifts 4,236 nonprofits raising \$1MM+ in 2,548 nonprofits raising \$1MM+ 2,143 nonprofits raising \$1MM+ in 2010 reported only cash gifts 2010 reported noncash gifts in 2010 in 2010 reported securities gifts in in 2010 & 2015 on e-file IRS-990 & 2015 on e-file IRS-990 2010 & 2015 on e-file IRS-990 11% 50% 66% GROWTH GROWTH GROWTH

3-year average growth in total fundraising (2010 to 2013; 2011 to 2014; 2012 to 2015; 2013 to 2016)			
NONPROFITS	NONPROFITS	NONPROFITS	
receiving	receiving	receiving	
ONLY	ANY	SECURITIES	
CASH	NONCASH	NONCASH	
Average Total Fundraising	Average Total Fundraising	Average Total Fundraising	
Years Growth	Years Growth	Years Growth	
'10-'13 = 5%	'10-'13 = 34%	'10-'13 = 44%	
'11-'14 = 1%	'11-'14 = 30%	'11-'14 = 42%	
'12-'15 = 2%	'12-'15 = 30%	'12-'15 = 39%	
'13-'16 = 0%	'13-'16 = 25%	'13-'16 = 33%	

5-year total fundraising growth by initial level of total contributions

	\$100K to <\$500K	\$500K to <\$1MM	\$1MM to <\$2MM	\$2MM to <\$3MM	\$3MM to <\$5MM	\$5MM to <\$10MM	\$10MM+
Nonprofits reporting only cash	56%	25%	14%	18%	0%	0%	26%
contributions in 2010 & 2015 on e-IRS 990s	[n=9168]	[n=2397]	[n=1343]	[n=478]	[n=358]	[n=223]	[n=146]
Nonprofits reporting any noncash contributions in 2010 & 2015 on e-IRS 990s	137% [n=2278]	71% [n=1373]	60% [n=1215]	58% [n=652]	48% [n=728]	36% [n=679]	35% [n=962]
Nonprofits reporting Securities contributions in 2010 & 2015 on e-IRS 990s	400% [n=114]	176% [n=187]	103% [n=340]	94% [n=284]	68% [n=385]	50% [n=427]	43% [n=707]

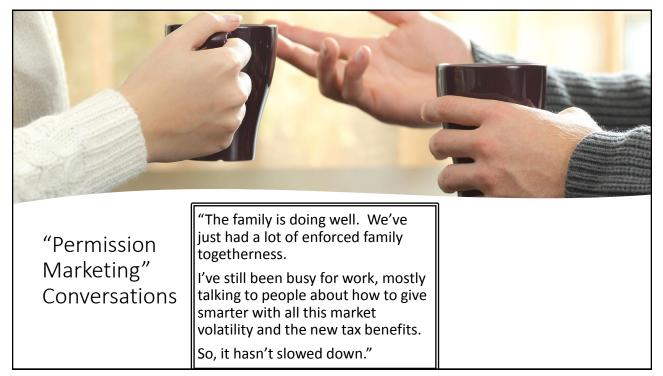


Gifts from larger asset types have more impact				
Same year effect of a 10% ratio shift (asset type/total giving) for nonprofits already reporting substantial noncash gifts				
Doesn't help	none/minimal	Books, Food, Collectibles, Uncategorized		
Helps a little	+2% to +3%	Cars, Boats, Household goods, Art, Pharmaceuticals		
Definitely helps	+7%	Publicly-traded securities, Historical art & artifacts		
Helps a lot	+14% to +18%	Real estate, Non-publicly-traded securities		

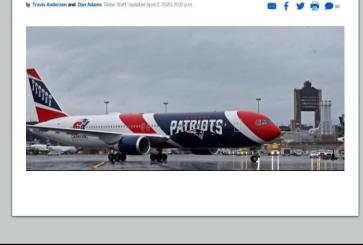


How can we raise these gifts now? (simple version)



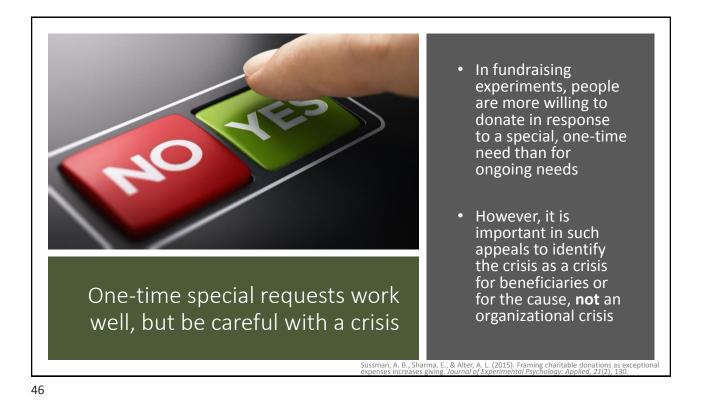


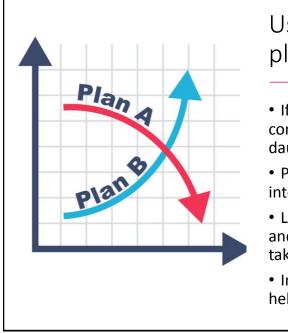
Kraft cheered for bringing in masks on Patriots team plane to fight coronavirus



Crisis Creates Opportunities for Donor Heroism

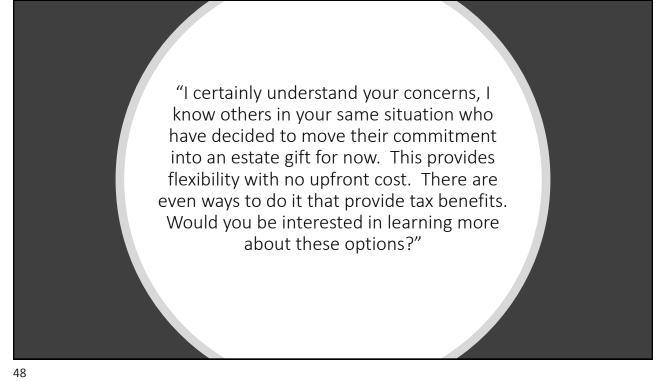
- During a fire, heroism is limited to rescuing people or putting the fire out
- But after the fire, heroism will be about the choice to rebuild
- When the time is right, give your donors the chance to be heroes!

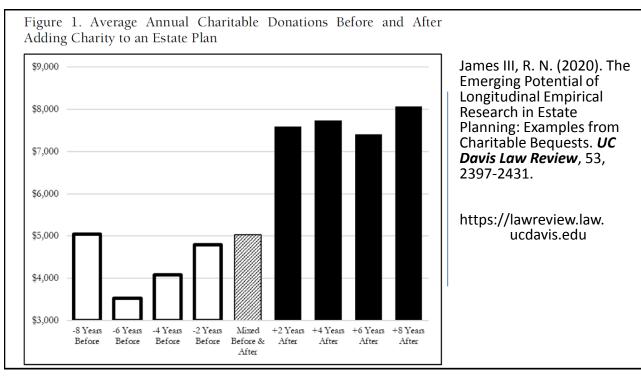


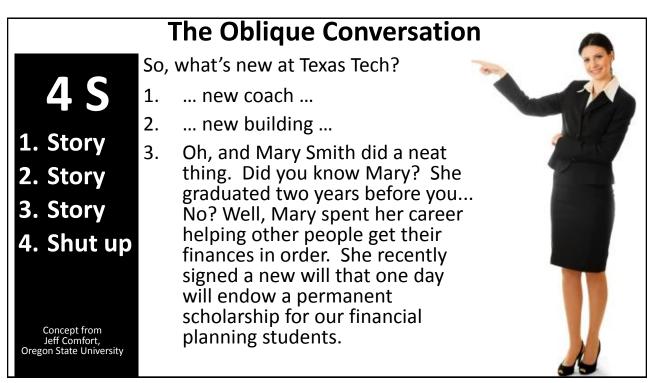


Use planned gifts and your plan B

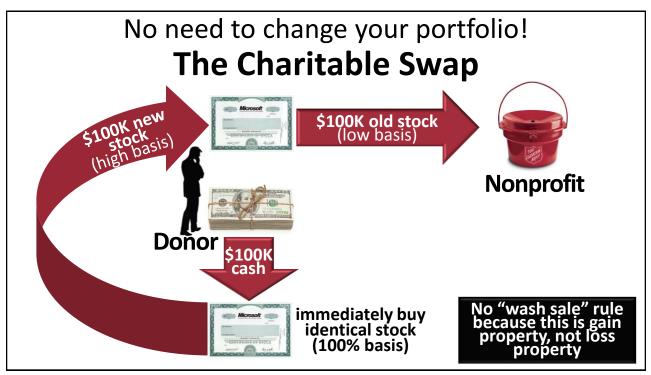
- If a donor needs to back away from a commitment or feels that a gift today is too daunting, consider a planned gift as a "plan B"
- Planned giving opportunities can help "lean into" this uncertainty
- Legacy gifts are revocable, can vary with ups and downs as a percentage of the estate, and take place after we no longer need the money
- In the U.S., irrevocable planned gifts can also help with financial uncertainty

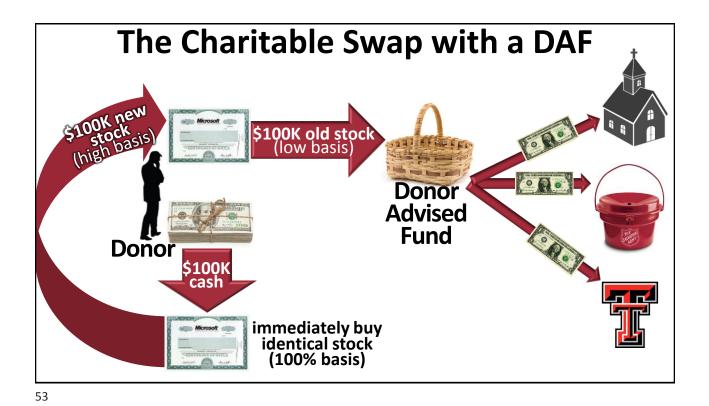


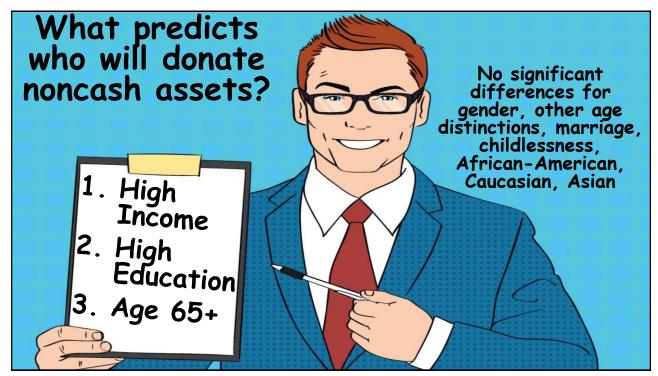


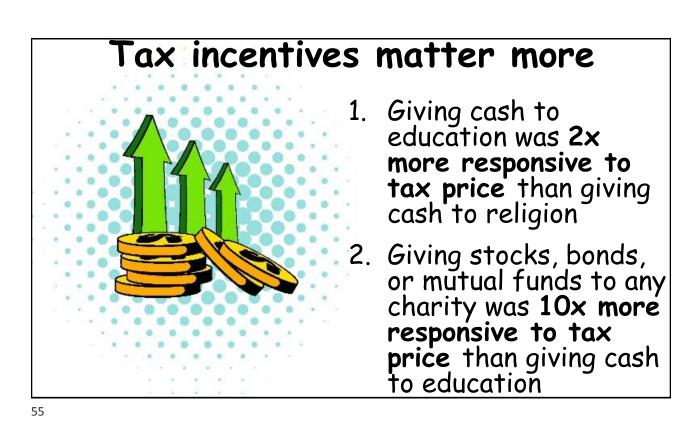


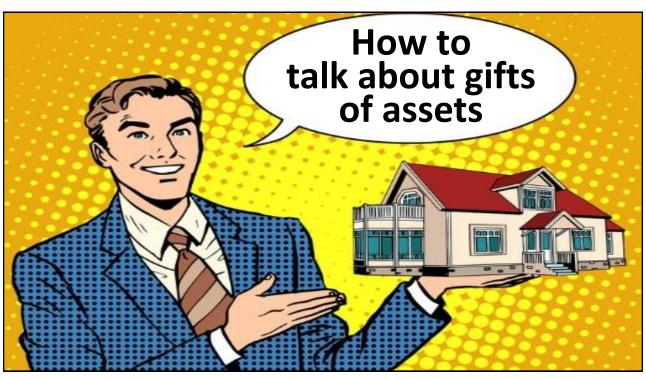






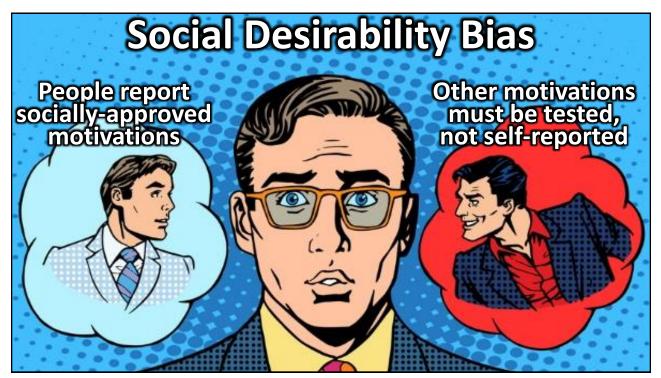


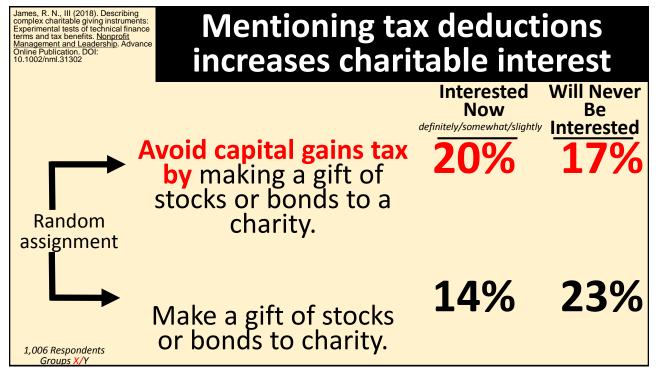




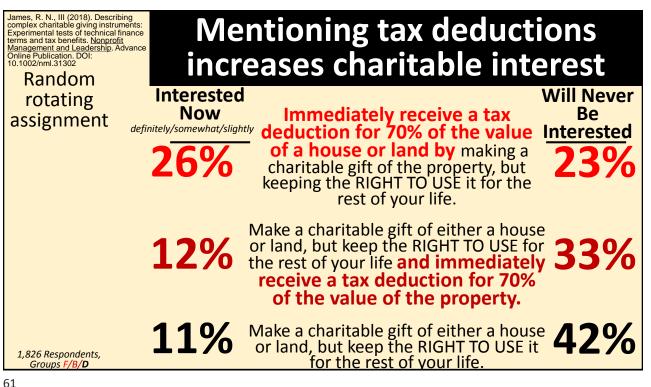




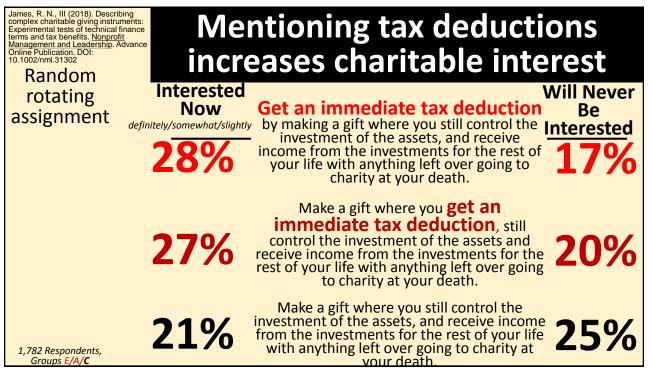


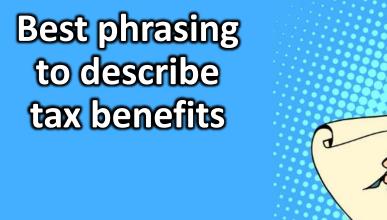


Ames, R. N. III (2018). Describing complex charitable giving instruments: Experimental tests of technical finance Management and Leadership. Advance Online Publication. DOI: 10.1002/nml.31302 Random			
rotating assignment Interested Now definitely/somewhat/slightly 50%	Receive a tax deduction and make a gift that pays you income for life.	Will Never Be Interested 8%	
33%	Make a gift that pays you income for life and receive a tax deduction.	14%	
1,904 Respondents Groups D/E/F	Make a gift that pays you income for life.	20%	

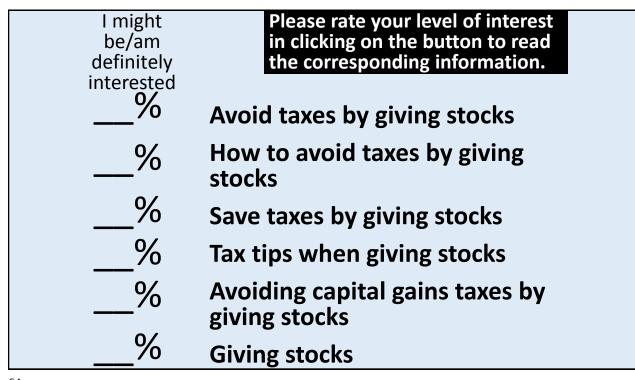




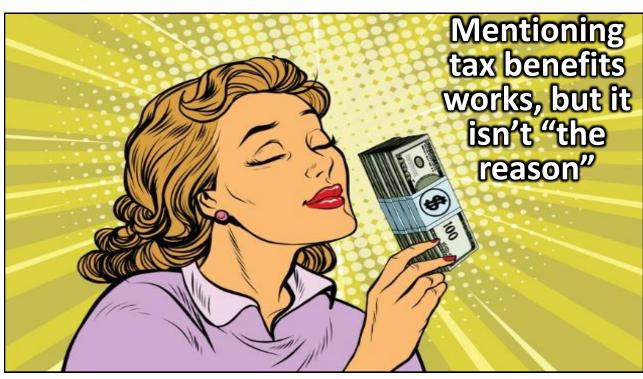








I might be/am definitely interested	Please rate your level of interest in clicking on the button to read the corresponding information.
28%	Avoid taxes by giving stocks
27%	How to avoid taxes by giving stocks
25%	Save taxes by giving stocks
24%	Tax tips when giving stocks
24%	Avoiding capital gains taxes by giving stocks
16%	Giving stocks



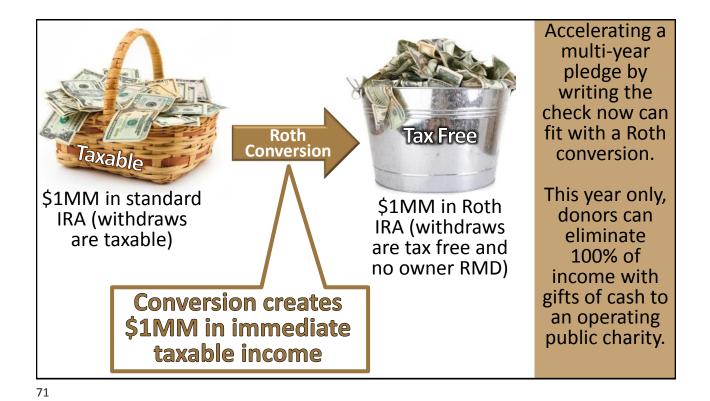


Room for growth at Texas Tech University?	2017 Texas Tech Foundation	2017 Iowa State University Foundation
Total contributions	\$70,971,175	\$182,944,883
Noncash contributions	\$7,475,636	\$109,538,183
Noncash share	10.5%	59.9%
Publicly traded securities	Х	Х
Closely held securities		X
Partnerships, LLC, trust interests		Х
Miscellaneous securities		Х
Residential real estate		Х
Commercial real estate		Х
Art		X
Historical Art		X
Books		X
Collectibles		X
Historical Artifacts		X
Other-Grain, Gold, Life Insurance	1 gift	102 gifts

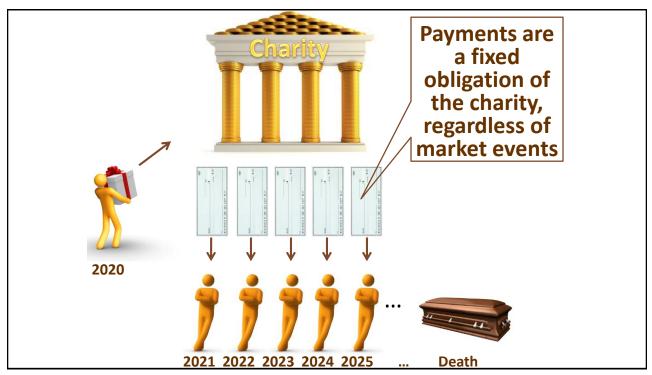




How can we raise these gifts now? (complex version)



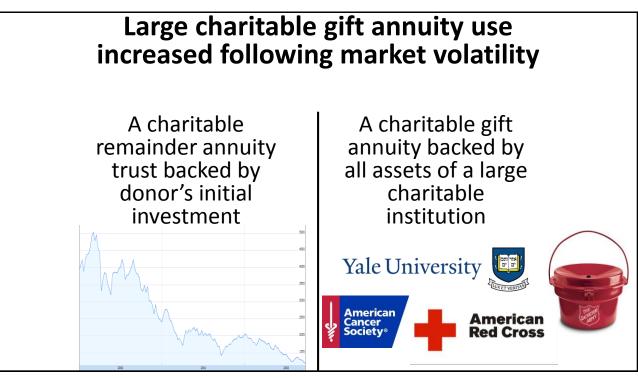








I want income that won't change *(CRUT or PIF)* or run out *(CRAT)*



"I certainly understand your concerns. I know others like you who have decided instead to make a gift that gives them lifetime income. With interest rates being so low and the market being so volatile, many people like the fixed payments coming from a charitable gift annuity. Would you like to learn more about this?"

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"I certainly understand your concerns. Another donor was in your same situation and she decided to protect against this volatility by making the gift in two stages. First, she made a gift that gave her annual payments for life. If things go downhill, she has this income. But, if everything turns around and she ends up not needing the extra money, then she could donate those future payments as a second gift."

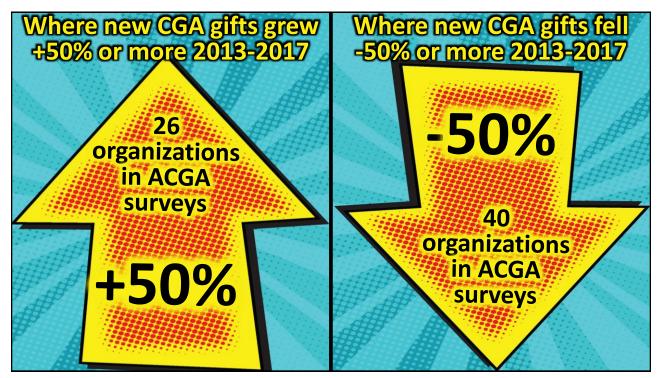
A charitable gift annuity as a two-stage gift

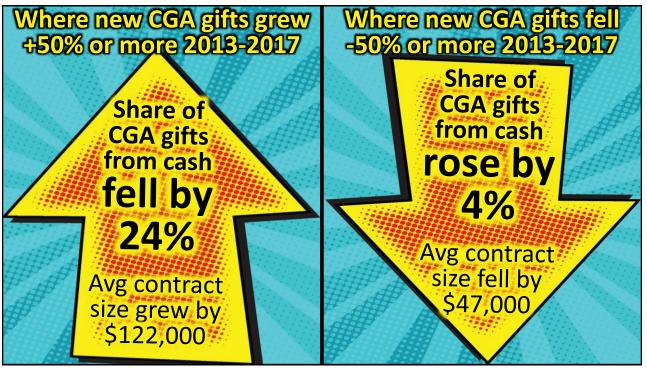


New attraction to CGAs

If funded with cash, the income tax deduction can eliminate 100% of income in 2020. (Connect with me on LinkedIn for the full paper on this.)

If the donor can't use charitable tax deductions, lower interest rates are better for CGAs because a larger share of the annual payments will be considered as tax-free return of the original investment.



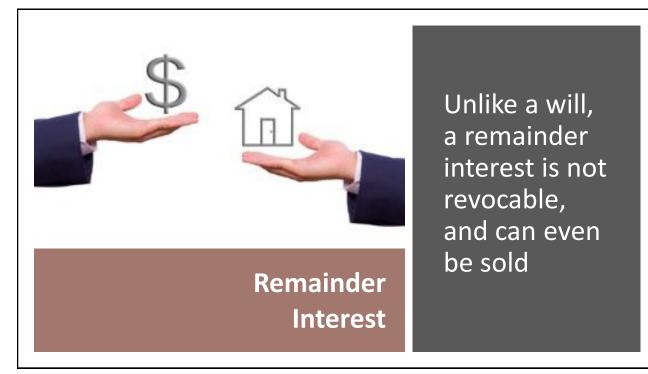


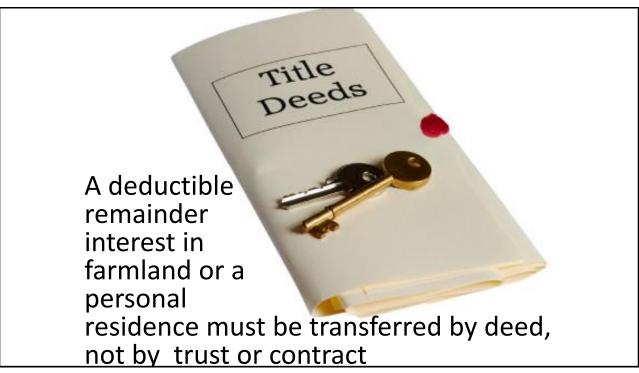


A remainder interest gives the right to own the property after a set time or after the death of a person





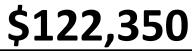




Charitable deduction for remainder interest deed with retained life estate in \$1,000,000 of farmland by age 55 donor



11.6% (May 89)





0.4% (Nov 20)

\$903,710

You can use the tax savings to buy life insurance for heirs who weren't going to farm anyway

Leaving land to Leaving land to charity charity by remainder deed by will Irrevocable Revocable Immediate income tax \$0 tax deduction deduction Impacts charity after death Impacts charity after death or immediately if charity sells remainder interest Immediately increases cash assets available for income producing investments





